

## Case Study

USWAWW-5170.001

# Partial Mix Lagoon System Realizes Big Energy Savings

GF Series Mixers save 300 horsepower per day for a Washington State WWTP.

**Topics:** wastewater, partial mix, lagoon, aeration, floating wastewater mixers, energy savings



With the right mixing strategy, aeration run times can be reduced to just what is needed resulting in big energy savings.

### Location & Contact Information:

Further information may be available upon request. Please contact Ixom Watercare by phone at 866-437-8076 or by e-mail, [watercare@ixom.com](mailto:watercare@ixom.com)

**System Overview:** Municipal and industrial wastewater lagoon system serving the local community and agricultural processing industry.

Primary Lagoon - Partial Mix  
Surface Area: 5.3 acres (2.1 hectare)  
Operating Depth: 12 feet (3.7 meters)  
Total Volume: 17.5 MG (66,245 cubic meters)  
Influent: 60% industrial, 40% municipal  
Flow: 1.5 MGD (5,678 cubic meters/day)  
Hydraulic Retention Time: 54.8 days

**Pre-Deployment Conditions:** Increases in both agricultural processing and population added to BOD and TSS loads. The existing aerators providing 300 hp/day could no longer meet the demand and an additional 150 hp/day would be required to meet the mixing need.

**Project Objectives:** Satisfy increased facility demands, reduce high aeration energy consumption and avoid purchasing more aerators.

**Solution:** Four (4) GF10000 Floating Wastewater Mixers were deployed into the lagoon (Nov. 2022).

**Results:** After deployment, mixing requirements of the lagoon were met and the expected additional 150 hp/day of aeration for mixing was not needed. Additionally, the facility was able to shut off half of the existing aerators reducing total aeration energy consumption to only 150 hp/day.

Combined, that's a total of 300 hp/day saved with an estimated project payback of approximately two years!

The superintendent noted, "The biggest success of adding mixing to this project is dollars; the amount of money we will be saving over the life of the facility. Energy costs will increase, but we will continue to save on that cost."